Name:	Date:	Period:

Station Activity: Cell Structure & Function – Answer Key

Station #1 – Cell City

- 1. **I** 2. **G**
- 3. **F**
- 4. C
- 5. **H**

- 6. A
- 7. **D**
- 8. **B**
- 9. E



Station #2 – Parts of Cell

- 1. Ribosomes
- 2. Mitochondria
- 3. Golgi body
- 4. Cytoplasm
- 5. Lysosome

- 6. Nucleolus
- 7. Cell Membrane
- 8. **ER**
- 9. Nuclear Membrane

Station #3 – Functions of Cell Parts

- 1. **E**
- 2. **H**
- 3. **C**

- 4. G
- 5. **B**
- 6. **F**

Station #4 – Cell Observation Lab

- 1. **C**
- 2. **E**
- 3. **B & E**
- 4. Turn light energy into food (glucose)
- 5. **D**

Station #5 – Path a Protein Takes

- 1. Chromatin
- 2. Nucleus
- 3. Ribosome
- 4. **ER**
- 5. Golgi
- 6. Vesicle
- 7. Vacuole

Name:	Date:	Period:
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Station #6 – Cell as a Factory!

- 1. just like a security guard, the membrane controls what enters and exits
- 2. hammers break objects down as lysosomes break down waste, food, etc.
- 3. protein
- 4. chromatin
- 5. powerplant produces energy for city like the mitochondria make energy for cell

Station #7 - Cell Shape

- 1. creates protective outer boundary and shape for body (skin)
- 2. skin cells are flat to take shape of body and stack together to create boundary
- 3. nerve cells transmit messages through body
- 4. the extensions on the cell help with the transmission of messages
- 5. RBC are small and flexible enough to squeeze through tiny blood vessels

Station #8 – Plant vs. Animal Cell

- 1. cell wall
- 2. support and shape for plant cell
- 3. vacuole
- 4. plant: one large w/ water; animal: many filled with food
- 5. **label 8**

Station #9 – Cell City Analogy

- 1. town hall
- 2. scrap yard
- 3. special carts
- 4. widget
- 5. mitochondria
- 6. nucleolus

<u>Station #10 – Flashback to Experimental Variables</u>

- 1. type of activity before bed
- 2. time it takes to fall asleep
- 3. Control = No activity
- 4. Listening to music helped Alison fall asleep the fastest